2015 MFE Programming Workshop Lab 4

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1 Black-Scholes Formula

- Recall the lab from class 1. Recreate the function that you wrote for the evaluation of the Black-Scholes option price, but this time use Matlab. Evaluate the option prices in Lab 1, including those on the grid. **Challenge:** Can you vectorize the code?
- The file *optionsdata.csv* contains the parameters for various options. Read in this file and compute the Black-Scholes price for these options. Append a column to the dataset and output the results to its own csv file.

2 Monte Carlo Option Pricing

Assuming that a stock starts at price S_0 , one random realization of the price at time T (under the risk-neutral pricing measure, which you will learn about in your derivatives class) can be modeled as:

$$S_T = S_0 e^{(r - \sigma^2/2)T + z\sigma\sqrt{T}}$$

Where z is a standard normal random variable.

Given that a call option pays off $max\{0, S_T - K\}$, we can evalute the price of the option using Monte Carlo as the discounted expected payoff in a few simple steps:

- 1. Generate a large number (say 10,000) of random values for the terminal stock price S_T
- 2. Evaluate the option price at each terminal price
- 3. Average over the option prices
- 4. Discount this expected final value by multiplying by e^{-rT}

These steps are equivalent to evaluation of:

$$E\left[e^{-rT}max\{0, S_T - K\}\right]$$

Write these steps into a function and check the results with the closed form solution from the previous exercise.